FAYETTE COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA HOUSING NEEDS ASSESSMENT



JANUARY 2024



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Scope of Work

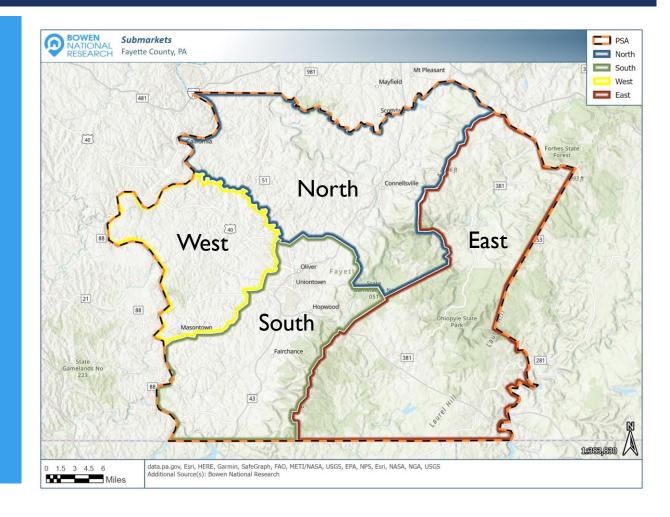
- Demographic Characteristics and Trends
- Economic Conditions and Trends
- Existing Housing Stock Costs, Availability, and Conditions
- Quantified Housing Gap Estimates
- Community Input (Stakeholders, Employers, Residents/Commuters and Developers/Builders Surveys)
 Roughly 500 Points of Contact Made
- Action Plan Recommendations



Geographical Study Areas

Primary Study Area (PSA) Fayette County

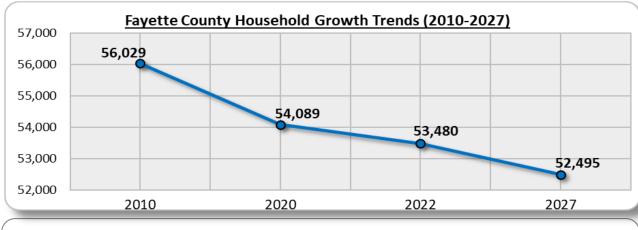
<u>Submarkets</u> North, East, South and West submarkets within the county

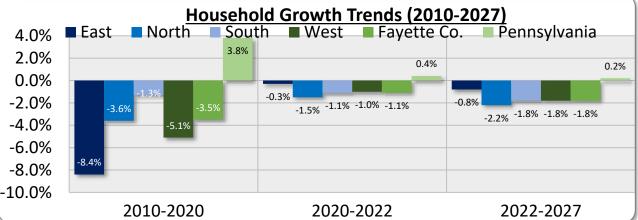


Demographics – Household Trends

		Total Households									
	2010	2020	Change 2010-2020		2022	Change 2020-2022		2027	Change 2022-2027		
	Census	Census	Number	Percent	Estimated	Number	Percent	Projected	Number	Percent	
Fayette											
County	56,029	54,089	-1,940	-3.5%	53,480	-609	-1.1%	52,495	-985	-1.8%	
Pennsylvania	5,018,902	5,210,567	191,665	3.8%	5,232,753	22,186	0.4%	5,244,358	11,605	0.2%	

Between 2010 and 2022, the number of households within the PSA (Fayette County) decreased by 2,549 (4.5%); Over the next five years, the number of **households** within the county is projected to decrease by 985 (-1.8%). The **East Submarket** will have the smallest decline out of the four submarkets, with a projected household decline of **0.8%**.

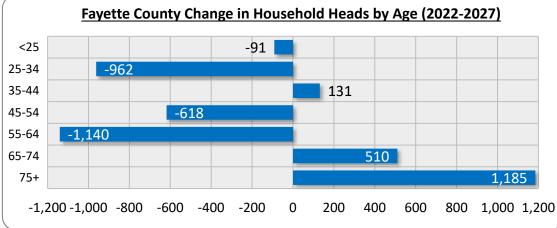




Demographics – Households By Age

County projections through 2027 indicate the greatest growth of household heads by age will occur among seniors ages 65 and older, with notable growth to occur among households between the ages of 35 and 44. These trends mirror projected growth expected for Pennsylvania during this period.

	Household Heads by Age						
	<25	25 to 34	35 to 44	45 to 54	55 to 64	65 to 74	75+
2010	1,630	6,115	8,912	11,448	11,610	7,836	8,478
2010	(2.9%)	(10.9%)	(15.9%)	(20.4%)	(20.7%)	(14.0%)	(15.1%)
2022	1,225	6,219	7,305	8,553	10,913	10,875	8,390
2022	(2.3%)	(11.6%)	(13.7%)	(16.0%)	(20.4%)	(20.3%)	(15.7%)
2027	1,134	5,257	7,436	7,935	9,773	11,385	9,575
2027	(2.2%)	(10.0%)	(14.2%)	(15.1%)	(18.6%)	(21.7%)	(18.2%)
Change	-91	-962	131	-618	-1,140	510	1,185
2022-2027	(-7.4%)	(-15.5%)	(1.8%)	(-7.2%)	(-10.4%)	(4.7%)	(14.1%)
2010	199,377	673,750	843,476	1,078,037	957,835	613,827	652,600
2010	(4.0%)	(13.4%)	(16.8%)	(21.5%)	(19.1%)	(12.2%)	(13.0%)
2022	169,344	715,762	808,584	857,895	1,041,285	900,172	739,711
2022	(3.2%)	(13.7%)	(15.5%)	(16.4%)	(19.9%)	(17.2%)	(14.1%)
2027	164,084	663,174	849,442	815,984	938,819	961,600	851,255
2027	(3.1%)	(12.6%)	(16.2%)	(15.6%)	(17.9%)	(18.3%)	(16.2%)
Change	-5,260	-52,588	40,858	-41,911	-102,466	61,428	111,544
2022-2027	(-3.1%)	(-7.3%)	(5.1%)	(-4.9%)	(-9.8%)	(6.8%)	(15.1%)
	2022-2027 2010 2022 2027 Change	$\begin{array}{c} 2010 & 1,630 \\ (2.9\%) \\ 2022 & 1,225 \\ (2.3\%) \\ 2027 & 1,134 \\ (2.2\%) \\ \hline \\ Change & -91 \\ 2022-2027 & (-7.4\%) \\ 2010 & 199,377 \\ (4.0\%) \\ 2022 & 169,344 \\ (3.2\%) \\ 2027 & 164,084 \\ (3.1\%) \\ \hline \\ Change & -5,260 \\ \hline \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c cccc} 2010 & 1,630 & 6,115 \\ (2.9\%) & (10.9\%) \\ \hline \\ 2022 & 1,225 & 6,219 \\ (2.3\%) & (11.6\%) \\ \hline \\ 2027 & 1,134 & 5,257 \\ (2.2\%) & (10.0\%) \\ \hline \\ Change & -91 & -962 \\ \hline \\ 2022-2027 & (-7.4\%) & (-15.5\%) \\ \hline \\ 2010 & 199,377 & 673,750 \\ (4.0\%) & (13.4\%) \\ \hline \\ 2022 & 169,344 & 715,762 \\ (3.2\%) & (13.7\%) \\ \hline \\ 2027 & 164,084 & 663,174 \\ (3.1\%) & (12.6\%) \\ \hline \\ Change & -5,260 & -52,588 \\ \hline \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c } \hline <<25 & 25 \text{ to } 34 & 35 \text{ to } 44 \\ \hline \\ 2010 & 1,630 & 6,115 & 8,912 \\ (2.9\%) & (10.9\%) & (15.9\%) \\ \hline \\ 2022 & 1,225 & 6,219 & 7,305 \\ (2.3\%) & (11.6\%) & (13.7\%) \\ \hline \\ 2027 & 1,134 & 5,257 & 7,436 \\ (2.2\%) & (10.0\%) & (14.2\%) \\ \hline \\ Change & -91 & -962 & 131 \\ 2022-2027 & (-7.4\%) & (-15.5\%) & (1.8\%) \\ \hline \\ 2010 & 199,377 & 673,750 & 843,476 \\ (4.0\%) & (13.4\%) & (16.8\%) \\ \hline \\ 2022 & 169,344 & 715,762 & 808,584 \\ (3.2\%) & (13.7\%) & (15.5\%) \\ \hline \\ 2027 & 164,084 & 663,174 & 849,442 \\ (3.1\%) & (12.6\%) & (16.2\%) \\ \hline \\ Change & -5,260 & -52,588 & 40,858 \\ \hline \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$



These trends will drive demand for family- and senior-oriented product.

Demographics – Renter Household Income

Approximately 49.6% of PSA renter households earn less than \$30k annually, while most of the renter **household** growth within the county will be among those earning **\$50k** or more.

					Rent	er Househ	olds by In	come		
			<\$10,000	\$10,000 - \$19,999	\$20,000 - \$29,999	\$30,000 - \$39,999	\$40,000 - \$49,999	\$50,000 - 59,999	\$60,000 - \$99,999	\$100,000+
		2010	2,971 (18.9%)	5,074 (32.2%)	3,012 (19.1%)	1,443 (9.2%)	1,037 (6.6%)	679 (4.3%)	1,295 (8.2%)	245 (1.6%)
	Fayette	2022	2,020 (14.3%)	2,944 (20.8%)	2,048 (14.5%)	1,617 (11.4%)	1,341 (9.5%)	798 (5.6%)	2,157 (15.2%)	1,227 (8.7%)
ç	County	2027	1,593 (11.8%)	2,355 (17.5%)	1,723 (12.8%)	1,403 (10.4%)	1,206 (8.9%)	871 (6.5%)	2,423 (18.0%)	1,915 (14.2%)
		Change 2022-'27	-427 (-21.1%)	-589 (-20.0%)	-325 (-15.9%)	-214 (-13.2%)	-135 (-10.1%)	73 (9.1%)	266 (12.3%)	688 (56.1%)
		2010	231,169 (15.1%)	320,775 (21.0%)	246,347 (16.1%)	187,112 (12.3%)	151,830 (9.9%)	100,847 (6.6%)	213,620 (14.0%)	75,480 (4.9%)
		2022	166,592 (10.1%)	227,393 (13.8%)	199,360 (12.1%)	183,085 (11.1%)	161,624 (9.8%)	126,013 (7.7%)	348,015 (21.2%)	230,564 (14.0%)
	Pennsylvania	2027	132,126 (8.2%)	179,811 (11.1%)	167,660 (10.4%)	163,693 (10.1%)	147,820 (9.1%)	124,763 (7.7%)	389,065 (24.0%)	313,547 (19.4%)
		Change 2022-'27	-34,466 (-20.7%)	-47,582 (-20.9%)	-31,700 (-15.9%)	-19,392 (-10.6%)	-13,804 (-8.5%)	-1,250 (-1.0%)	41,050 (11.8%)	82,983 (36.0%)

The large share of lower-income renter households and the increase of moderate/higher income earning renter households within Fayette County through 2027 indicates the importance of providing a wide range of rental housing alternatives.

Demographics – Owner Household Income

or more (PSA

increase of 2,250

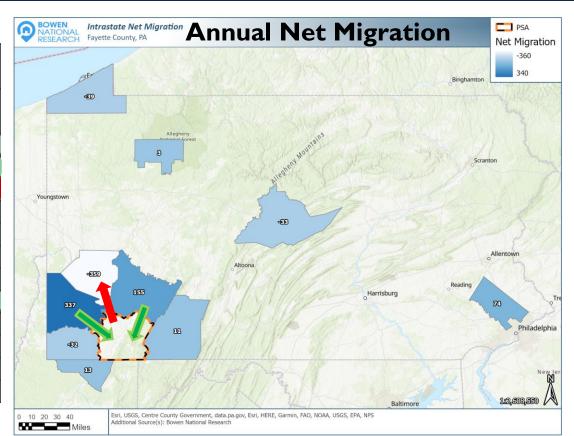
HHs or by 10.6%).

Over half of owner			Owner Households by Income							
households in Fayette			<\$10,000	\$10,000 - \$19,999	\$20,000 - \$29,999	\$30,000 - \$39,999	\$40,000 - \$49,999	\$50,000 - \$59,999	\$60,000 -\$99,999	\$100,000+
County earn \$60k+		2010	2,722 (6.8%)	5,857 (14.5%)	6,002 (14.9%)	4,670 (11.6%)	3,926 (9.7%)	4,004 (9.9%)	9,058 (22.5%)	4,032 (10.0%)
annually.	Fayette	2022	1,605 (4.1%)	3,042 (7.7%)	3,665 (9.3%)	3,849 (9.8%)	3,416 (8.7%)	2,550 (6.5%)	10,194 (25.9%)	11,011 (28.0%)
All owner	County	2027	1,296 (3.3%)	2,422 (6.2%)	3,108 (8.0%)	3,464 (8.9%)	3,138 (8.0%)	2,127 (5.5%)	10,410 (26.7%)	13,045 (33.4%)
household growth		Change 2022-'27	-309 (-19.3%)	-620 (-20.4%)	-557 (-15.2%)	-385 (-10.0%)	-278 (-8.1%)	-423 (-16.6%)	216 (2.1%)	2,034 (18.5%)
in Fayette County and		2010	141,603 (4.1%)	269,419 (7.7%)	327,881 (9.4%)	335,917 (9.6%)	319,191 (9.1%)	330,816 (9.5%)	908,226 (26.0%)	858,669 (24.6%)
the four submarkets	Dennedansia	2022	93,336 (2.6%)	163,936 (4.6%)	207,186 (5.8%)	238,255 (6.6%)	235,083 (6.5%)	258,314 (7.2%)	881,572 (24.6%)	1,512,425 (42.1%)
(not shown in table)	Pennsylvania	2027	76,600 (2.1%)	130,673 (3.6%)	170,006 (4.7%)	201,649 (5.6%)	199,872 (5.5%)	226,800 (6.3%)	841,463 (23.2%)	1,778,810 (49.1%)
will occur among		Change 2022-'27	-16,736 (-17.9%)	-33,263 (-20.3%)	-37,180 (-17.9%)	-36,606 (-15.4%)	-35,211 (-15.0%)	-31,514 (-12.2%)	-40,109 (-4.5%)	266,385 (17.6%)
those earning \$60k			ļ X 7		、 /	、 /	、 /	、 /]	× /	× /

As the projected increase in the number of owner households in the PSA largely favors higher income households, these projections should be considered when evaluating the for-sale housing opportunities in Fayette County.

Demographics – Migration Patterns (County-to-County Mobility)

County-to-County Domestic Population Migration for Fayette County, PA Top 10 Gross Migration Counties									
	Gross N	ligration							
County	Number	Percent	Net-Migration						
Westmoreland County, PA	1,731	19.3%	155						
Washington County, PA	1,223	13.6%	337						
Allegheny County, PA	1,011	11.3%	-359						
Greene County, PA	356	4.0%	-32						
Monongalia County, WV	217	2.4%	13						
Erie County, PA	199	2.2%	-39						
Somerset County, PA	181	2.0%	11						
Montgomery County, PA	162	1.8%	74						
Forest County, PA	115	1.3%	3						
Centre County, PA	85	0.9%	-33						
All Other Counties	3,684	41.1%	-248						
Total Migration	8,964	100.0%	-118						



Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2020 5-Year American Community Survey; Bowen National Research *Top 10 list only includes counties within the state and bordering states

Washington County (337), Westmoreland County (155), and Montgomery County (74) have the largest positive net-migration influence on the PSA. Conversely, Allegheny County (-359) has the largest overall negative net migration for the PSA. Allegheny County encompasses the Pittsburgh metropolitan area. It is likely that many Fayette County residents, particularly younger individuals, relocate to this area seeking employment opportunities or the lifestyle that a larger metropolitan area offers.

Demographics – Migration Characteristics (Per-Person Incomes)

Fayette County:	Fayette County: Income Distribution by Mobility Status for Population Age 15+ Years*										
	Moved	Within	Moved Fro	om Different							
2021 Inflation Adjusted	Same	County	County, S	ame State	Moved From Different State						
Individual Income	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent					
<\$10,000	1,094	23.0%	490	29.8%	112	11.7%					
\$10,000 to \$14,999	790	16.6%	130	7.9%	100	10.5%					
\$15,000 to \$24,999	854	18.0%	282	17.1%	129	13.5%					
\$25,000 to \$34,999	736	15.5%	240	14.6%	121	12.7%					
\$35,000 to \$49,999	509	10.7%	225	13.7%	207	21.7%					
\$50,000 to \$64,999	316	6.6%	54	3.3%	87	9.1%					
\$65,000 to \$74,999	204	4.3%	103	6.3%	2	0.2%					
\$75,000+	249	5.2%	122	7.4%	198	20.7%					
Total	4,752	100.0%	1,646	100.0%	956	100.0%					

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2021 5-Year American Community Survey; Bowen National Research

Over three-quarters of the population that moved to Fayette County earned less than \$50,000 per year. This large base of lower income individuals influences the demand for more affordable housing alternatives, which currently has limited availability and notable wait lists. It is worth noting that over 20% of the people that move to the county from out of state earn over \$75,000 annually, contributing to the need for higher-end housing product.

Potential Commuter Support

Over 14,000 individuals from surrounding areas commute into Fayette County for employment, accounting for 40.0% of the people employed in Fayette County.

Commuter Profile:

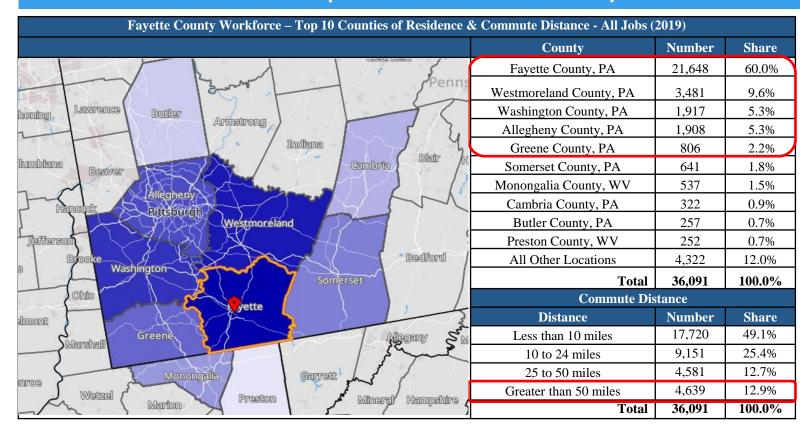
Over half (52.8%) of in-commuters are between ages 30 & 54, and 44.4% earn over \$40,000 annually.

The large number of people that commute daily into the area for work represent a large base of potential residents for Fayette County. Potential **Future** 70 **Residents!** 70 14,443 28,725 21,648 [40]

Mononal

Commuter Origination

4,639 people (12.9% of all commuters) who commute into the county for work **drive more than 50 miles** (one way) each day. Many of these long-distance commuters represent the most likely future residents of Fayette County.



More than half (60.0%) of Fayette County workers are residents of Fayette County. Westmorland County (9.6%), Washington County (5.3%), Allegheny County (5.3%), and Greene County (2.2%) contribute the next largest shares of Fayette County employees.

Housing Supply – Multifamily Properties Summary

The demand for multifamily rentals is significant among all program types. Projects with at least some units operating under an affordable housing program have occupancy levels of 98.3% or higher.

Surveyed Multifan	nily Rental Hou	sing - Fayette Co	ounty (PSA)	
Project Type	Projects Surveyed	Total Units	Vacant Units	Occupancy Rate
Market-rate	7	312	3	99.0%
Market-rate/Tax Credit	1	36	0	100.0%
Market-rate/Government-Subsidized	1	110	0	100.0%
Tax Credit	6	241	4	98.3%
Tax Credit/Government-Subsidized	5	199	0	100.0%
Government-Subsidized	19	1,520	2	99.9%
Total	39	2,418	9	99.6%

Typically, healthy and well-balanced markets operate at occupancy rates of 94%-96%

Housing Supply – Multifamily Properties Summary (Wait Lists)

37 (86.0%) of the 43 surveyed properties in Fayette County maintain wait lists, with waits up to 24 months (37 households) among Tax Credit rentals and up to 24 months (293 households) for government-subsidized projects.

			%						
		Maintain	Maintain						
Project Type	Projects	Wait List	Wait List	Waiting List (Households/Months)					
Fayette County									
Market-Rate	9	7	77.8%	6-100 HH					
Tax Credit	9	9	100.0%	3-37 HH / 24 Months					
Government-Subsidized	25	21	84.0%	2-293 HH / 1-24 Months					

These long wait lists indicate a high level of **pent-up demand**, illustrating a need for additional rental housing across the **entire spectrum of affordability**.

Housing Supply – Market-Rate Multifamily Properties

Within the PSA (Fayette County), **twobedroom units comprise nearly three-fifths (58.9%)** of the total market-rate supply.

Most collected rents among this product type are **below \$1,000**. This can be primarily attributed to **one market-rate property** (118 units) that **operates as a nonprofit community** and offers very limited amenities and no appliances.

With some rentals achieving rents above \$1,100 and fully occupied, there are opportunities to achieve rent premiums in the market.

Multifamily Ren	Multifamily Rentals by Program Type and Bedroom/Bathroom - Fayette County (PSA)										
Bedroom	Baths	Units	Distribution	Vacancy	% Vacant	Median Collected Rent					
Market-Rate											
Studio	1.0	14	3.8%	0	0.0%	\$738					
One-Bedroom	1.0	82	22.0%	2	2.4%	\$689					
Two-Bedroom	1.0	148	39.8%	1	0.7%	\$450					
Two-Bedroom	1.5	65	17.5%	0	0.0%	\$1,085					
Two-Bedroom	2.0	6	1.6%	0	0.0%	\$1,235					
Three-Bedroom	1.0	49	13.2%	0	0.0%	\$500					
Three-Bedroom	2.5	8	2.2%	0	0.0%	\$1,150					
Total Market-	Rate	372	100.0%	3	0.8%						

While many of the market-rate rents may be affordable to lower and moderate-income households, limited availability remains a challenge for households seeking such product.

Housing Supply – Tax Credit Multifamily Properties

Tax Credit rentals generally serve households earning up to \$80,000 annually.

Only 4 (1.3%) of the 305 Tax Credit units in the county are vacant.

Nearly one-half (47.9%) of the surveyed non-subsidized Tax Credit units in the county are one-bedroom units and have a median collected rent of \$700. Majority of rentals are at or below \$850.

Multifamily Rentals	by Pr	ogram	Type and I	Bedroom	/Bathroo	m - Fayette County (PSA)				
					%					
Bedroom	Baths	Units	Distribution	Vacancy	Vacant	Median Collected Rent				
Tax Credit (Non-Subsidized)										
One-Bedroom	1.0	146	47.9%	3	2.1%	\$700				
Two-Bedroom	1.0	98	32.1%	0	0.0%	\$850				
Two-Bedroom	2.0	21	6.9%	1	4.8%	\$691				
Three-Bedroom	1.0	3	1.0%	0	0.0%	\$486				
Three-Bedroom	1.5	3	1.0%	0	0.0%	\$1,151				
Three-Bedroom	2.0	15	4.9%	0	0.0%	\$790				
Four-Bedroom	2.0	19	6.2%	0	0.0%	\$915				
Total Tax Credit	ţ	305	100.0%	4 1.3% -						

With **limited available** Tax Credit rentals, many low-income households are likely forced to live in substandard or cost-burdened housing situations.

Housing Supply – Government-Subsidized Multifamily Properties

Multifamily Rent	als by P	rogram [Гуре and Bedro	om/Bathro	om - Fayette	County (PSA)
Bedroom	Baths	Units	Distribution	Vacancy	% Vacant	Median Collected Rent
		Su	bsidized Tax	, and the second s		
Studio	1.0	18	10.7%	0	0.0%	-
One-Bedroom	1.0	122	72.6%	0	0.0%	-
Two-Bedroom	1.0	11	6.5%	0	0.0%	-
Three-Bedroom	1.5	14	8.3%	0	0.0%	-
Four-Bedroom	2.0	3	1.8%	0	0.0%	-
Total Tax Cr	edit	168	100.0%	0	0.0%	-
		Go	vernment-Sub	sidized		
Studio	1.0	70	4.5%	1	1.4%	-
One-Bedroom	1.0	621	39.5%	1	0.2%	-
Two-Bedroom	1.0	572	36.4%	0	0.0%	-
Three-Bedroom	1.0	189	12.0%	0	0.0%	-
Three-Bedroom	2.0	49	3.1%	0	0.0%	-
Four-Bedroom	1.0	22	1.4%	0	0.0%	-
Four-Bedroom	2.0	46	2.9%	0	0.0%	-
Five-Bedroom	2.0	4	0.3%	0	0.0%	-
Total Tax Cr	edit	1,573	100.0%	2	0.1%	-

Government-subsidized housing generally serves household earning up to \$50,000 annually.

Only 2 of the 1,741 governmentsubsidized units within the county are vacant.

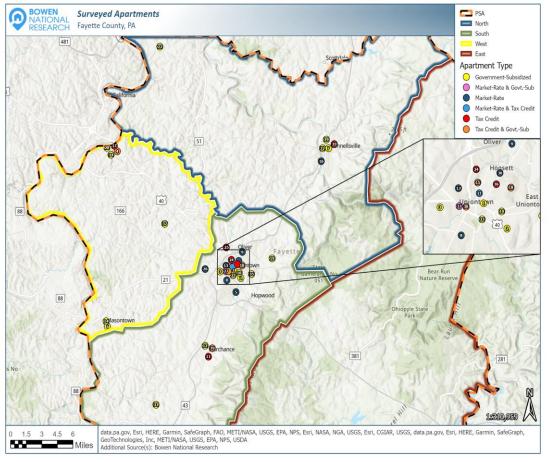
There are **337 households on the wait list** for a **Housing Choice Voucher**.

Approximately 865 Housing Choice Vouchers currently issued within Fayette County. Approximately 201 of these HCVs are unused due to a variety of reasons.

Housing Supply – Multifamily Apartment Data

Occupancy levels are high across all submarkets and all affordability levels.

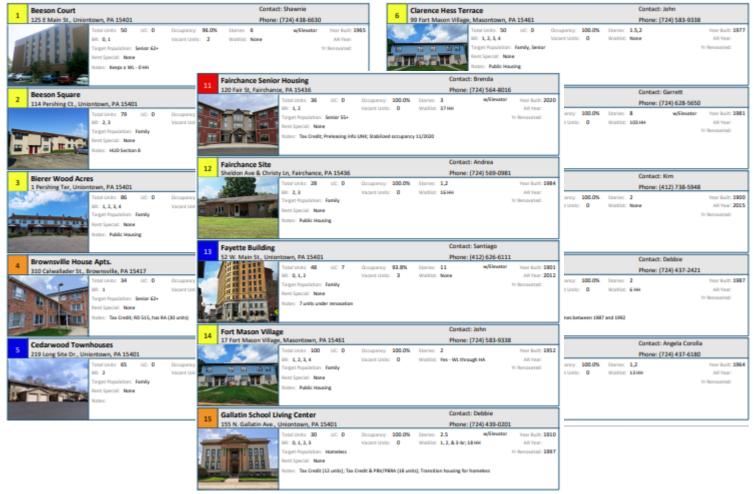
Overall Mar	ket Perfo	ormance b	y Progra	m Type by	y Area				
					Fayette County				
Data Set	East	North	South	West	(PSA)				
Market-Rate									
Projects	0	1	8	0	9				
Total Units	0	118	254	0	372				
Vacant Units	-	0	3	-	3				
Occupancy Rate	-	100.0%	98.8%	-	99.2%				
Tax Credit (Non-Subsidized)									
Projects	0	1	6	2	9				
Total Units	0	11	258	36	305				
Vacant Units	-	0	0	4	4				
Occupancy Rate	-	100.0%	100.%	88.9%	98.7%				
Government-Subsidized									
Projects	0	4	13	8	25				
Total Units	0	377	779	585	1,741				
Vacant Units	-	0	2	0	2				
Occupancy Rate	-	100.0%	99.7%	100.0%	99.9%				



Source: Bowen National Research

Housing Supply – Multifamily Apartment Data

- Location
- Quality Ratings
- Year Built/Renovated
- Occupancy Rates
- Wait Lists
- Target Market (Ex. Seniors)
- Property Photos
- Collected Rents
- Unit Mixes
- Targeted Incomes
- Square Footages
- Number of Bedrooms
- Rent Concessions/Specials
- Other Design Elements



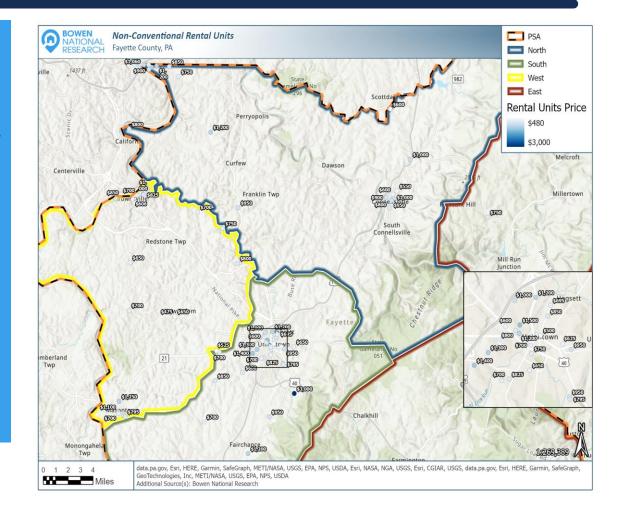
Housing Supply – Non-Conventional Rentals

Non-Conventional Rentals Consist of Single-Family Homes, Duplexes, Mobile Homes, Etc., and Comprise a Large Portion of the Local Housing Market

The approximately 11,417 non-conventional rentals in Fayette County comprise about fourfifths (80.1%) of the county's rental product.

The largest share (30.0%) of Fayette County non-conventional rentals units has rents between \$500 and \$750, followed by units with rents between \$750 and \$1,000 (22.6%).

Higher priced product (gross rents over \$1,000) accounts for 13.6% of all PSA rentals and demonstrates rent premiums are achievable.



Housing Supply – Non-Conventional Rentals

65 non-conventional rental units were identified as available to rent in the PSA, resulting in a 99.4% occupancy rate; Most of the rentals were built prior to 1950, are relatively small (square feet), and have collected rents above \$800/month.

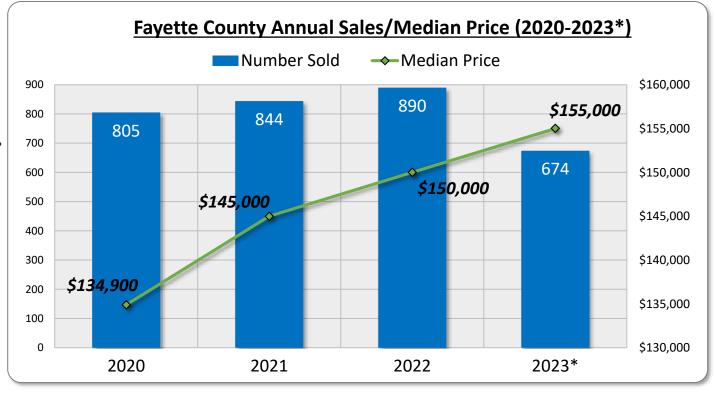
	Available Non-Conventional Rentals							
Bedroom Type	Units	Average Number of Baths	Average Year Built	Average Square Feet	Rent Range	Average Rent	Average Rent Per Square Foot	
Studio	2	1.0	1908	-	\$500 - \$1,000	\$750.00	-	
One-Bedroom	12	1.0	1930	917	\$475 - \$750	\$630.83	\$0.83	
Two-Bedroom	27	1.0	1923	956	\$606 - \$1,500	\$812.07	\$0.88	
Three-Bedroom	23	1.4	1947	1,254	\$750 - \$1,400	\$1,027.39	\$0.89	
Four-Bedroom	1	2.5	1968	2,980	\$3,000 - \$3,000	\$3,000.00	\$1.01	

Housing Supply – Historical Home Sales

Annual sales volume has slowed in the PSA over the last year; Median sales price has steadily increased in the PSA since 2020.

The annual **volume of home sales dropped** in 2023, mirroring national trends.

The annual median sales price increased in the PSA by \$20,100 or 14.9% between 2020 and 2023.

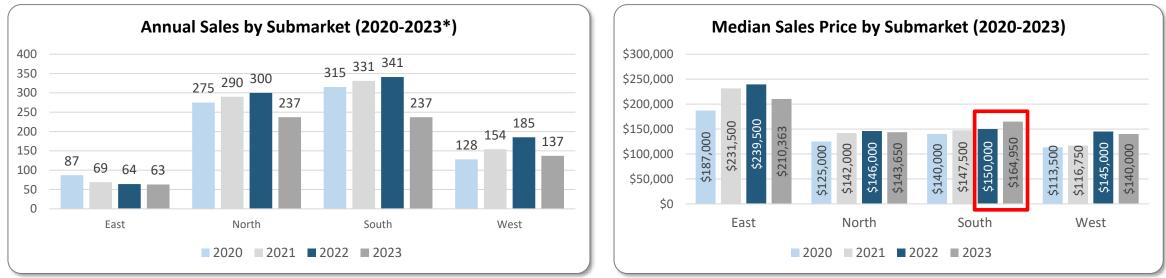


^{*}Sales volume based on projected annual sales

Rising home mortgage interest rates and increasing development costs associated with labor, materials, fees, insurance, land and other expenses are likely influencing home sales (and development) activity.

Housing Supply – Historical Home Sales

The South (38.9%) and North (34.1%) submarkets account for the largest shares of sales volume in the PSA between 2020 and 2022. All submarkets experienced sales volume drop in 2023.



*Sales volume based on projected annual sales.

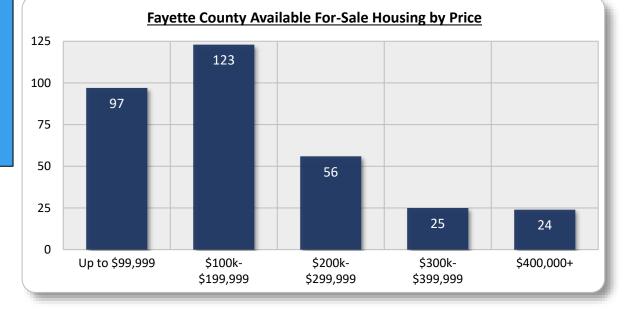
Increases of 25.0% or greater in the median sales price occurred in the East (28.1%) and West (27.8%) submarkets between 2020 and 2022, while the North (16.8%) and South (7.1%) submarkets experienced more moderate increases in the median sales price. All submarkets experienced a decline in median sales price in 2023, except for the South Submarket.

Housing Supply – Available For-Sale Housing by Price Point

The majority (over two-thirds) of Fayette County's available for-sale housing inventory product is priced under \$200k.

Fayette County's available homes result in an overall **availability rate of 0.8%** (less than healthy rates of 2%-3%)

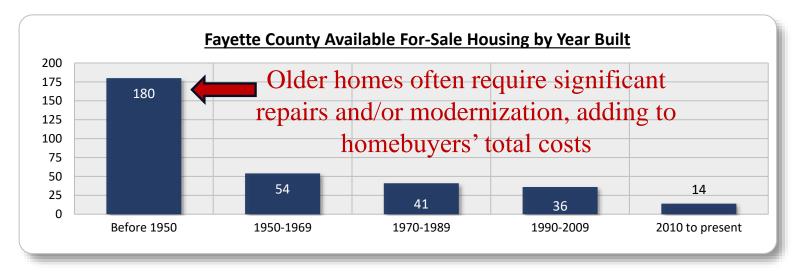
Fayette County (PSA) Available For-Sale Housing by Price (As of June 13, 2023)								
NumberPercent ofList PriceAvailableSupply								
Up to \$99,999	97	29.8%						
\$100,000 to \$199,999	123	37.8%						
\$200,000 to \$299,999	56	17.2%						
\$300,000 to \$399,999	25	7.7%						
\$400,000+	24	7.4%						
Total	325	100.0%						



Housing Supply – Available For-Sale Housing by Year Built

The largest number of available for-sale housing inventory in the PSA was built before 1950.

Most of the modern product (2010-present) is priced well over \$340,000, making modern product unaffordable to lower and moderateincome households.



Fayette County (PSA) Available For-Sale Housing by Year Built (As of June 13, 2023)							
Year Built	Number Available	Price Range	Median List Price	Average List Price			
Before 1950	180	\$10,000 - \$597,000	\$112,450	\$127,545			
1950 to 1969	54	\$44,900 - \$400,000	\$197,450	\$199,920			
1970 to 1989	41	\$21,000 - \$975,000	\$249,000	\$249,998			
1990 to 2009	36	\$79,000 - \$1,690,000	\$246,450	\$335,639			
2010 to present	14	\$79,999 - \$610,000	\$374,000	\$343,379			
Total	325	\$10,000 - \$1,690,000	\$149,900	\$187,366			

Housing Supply – Available For-Sale Housing (Submarket Comparison)

list price is in the

East Submarket.

Limited available inventory impacting all submarkets of Fayette County.

Availability rates	Available For-Sale Housing by Submarket									
in each submarket		(As of June 13, 2023)								
are 1.0% or lower				Share of	Avg.	Median	Average			
and average year		Available	Availability	Available	Year	List	List			
built is	Submarket	Homes	Rate	Homes	Built	Price	Price			
pre-1950	East	37	1.0%	11.4%	1971	\$275,000	\$331,305			
	North	83	0.6%	25.5%	1938	\$125,000	\$174,850			
Greatest volume	South	139	1.0%	42.8%	1948	\$155,000	\$178,144			
of available homes is	West	66	0.9%	20.3%	1936	\$114,900	\$141,836			
in South	Fayette	325	0.8%	100.0%	1946	\$149,900	\$187,366			
Submarket, while	County (PSA)									
highest median										

Housing Conditions – Published Secondary Data

Substandard Housing (Lacking Complete Plumbing/Kitchens or Overcrowded)

About 1,482 Fayette County Households Live in Substandard Housing.

Substandard housing appears to be a more common issue in the South Submarket compared to the rest of the county.

	Housing Age and Conditions											
	Pre-1970 Product				Overcrowded				Incomplete Plumbing or Kitchen			
	Rei	nter	Owr	ner	Ren	iter	Ow	ner	Renter		Owner	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
East	537	50.1%	1,483	42.4%	10	0.9%	38	1.1%	0	0.0%	114	3.3%
North	3,161	67.7%	8,821	60.6%	29	0.6%	93	0.6%	118	2.5%	87	0.6%
South	3,479	61.7%	9,273	62.3%	199	3.5%	171	1.1%	199	3.5%	143	1.0%
West	1,920	67.1%	4,978	71.9%	57	2.0%	77	1.1%	49	1.7%	98	1.4%
Fayette County	9,098	63.9%	24,555	61.6%	295	2.1%	379	1.0%	366	2.6%	442	1.1%
Pennsylvania	924,836	58.3%	1,946,870	54.7%	46,892	3.0%	28,336	0.8%	41,649	2.6%	24,990	0.7%

Source: American Community Survey (2017-2021); ESRI

Given some of the substandard housing conditions that exist in the market, it appears that there are likely opportunities to improve housing conditions in Fayette County.

Housing Affordability – Published Secondary Data

More Than 12,000 Fayette County Households Live in Cost-Burdened or Severe Cost-Burdened Housing.

Housing Cost Burdened	Household Income, Housing Costs and Affordability								
5,307 Renter HHs				Estimated			of Cost		f Severe
7,119 Owner HHs			Median Household	Median Home	Average Gross		lened holds*		ırdened 10lds**
		2022 Households	Income	Value	Rent	Renter	Owner	Renter	Owner
Severe Housing Cost	East	4,626	\$60,366	\$173,810	\$808	16.3%	21.2%	11.4%	11.4%
	North	18,703	\$58,501	\$139,351	\$682	35.7%	16.4%	15.2%	7.0%
Burdened	South	20,171	\$49,555	\$143,328	\$731	42.4%	20.7%	20.9%	8.3%
2,604 Renter HHs	West	9,980	\$48,071	\$117,535	\$787	38.9%	14.5%	21.5%	6.3%
	Fayette County	53,480	\$53,579	\$139,992	\$731	37.5%	18.1%	18.4%	7.7%
3,028 Owner HHs	Pennsylvania	5,232,753	\$70,402	\$232,971	\$1,112	43.5%	19.7%	22.1%	7.8%

Housing Cost Burdened (Paying Over 30% of Income Toward Housing) Severe Housing Cost Burdened (Paying over 50% of Income Toward Housing)

Typical Wages and Housing Affordability

2-bedroom FMR @ \$1,090; Median List Price @ \$149,900

A majority of the most common occupations in the area have insufficient wages to pay for a typical **rental** and lack sufficient wages to afford a typical **for-sale** housing unit.

Wages and Housing Affordability for Top 30 Occupations by Share of Labor Force									
Pittsburgh Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA)									
Occupation Sector, Title & Wages* Housing Affordability**									
						ax.	Ma		
a 4 a	TIT		Annual	Wages	Month	ly Rent	Purcha	se Price	
Sector Group	Labor Force	O 4: T:41-	Lower	N /1°	Lower	N <i>T</i> 1 -	Lower	N	
(Code)	Share	Occupation Title	Quartile	Median	Quartile	Median	Quartile	Median	
Sales & Related	2.5%	Retail Salespersons	\$23,080	\$28,790	\$577	\$720 \$507	\$76,933	\$95,967 \$70,567	
Occupations	2.0%	Cashiers	\$22,260	\$23,870	\$557	\$597	\$74,200	\$79,567	
(41)	0.8%	Sales Reps, Wholesale/Mfg.	\$50,620	\$70,620	\$1,266	\$1,766	\$168,733	\$235,400	
	0.8%	First-Line Supervisors, Retail	\$34,230	\$44,610	\$856	\$1,115	\$114,100	\$148,700	
	2.6%	Fast Food and Counter Workers	\$20,750	\$23,090	\$519	\$577	\$69,167	\$76,967	
Food Preparation/	1.5%	Waiters/Waitresses	\$21,350	\$28,820	\$534	\$721	\$71,167	\$96,067	
Serving (35)	1.0%	Cooks, Restaurant	\$27,390	\$29,590	\$685	\$740	\$91,300	\$98,633	
	0.8%	First-Line Supervisors, Food Prep	\$31,630	\$35,140	\$791	\$879	\$105,433	\$117,133	
	2.3%	Customer Services Reps.	\$33,010	\$36,990	\$825	\$925	\$110,033	\$123,300	
Office and	2.1%	Office Clerks, General	\$31,610	\$38,210	\$790	\$955	\$105,367	\$127,367	
Administrative	1.4%	Secretaries/Administrative Assts.	\$33,490	\$39,020	\$837	\$976	\$111,633	\$130,067	
Support (43)	1.2%	First-Line Supervisors, Office	\$47,460	\$59,900	\$1,187	\$1,498	\$158,200	\$199,667	
	1.0%	Bookkeeping/Accounting Clerks	\$36,110	\$42,760	\$903	\$1,069	\$120,367	\$142,533	
Turner	1.8%	Laborers/Stock/Material Movers	\$31,700	\$36,450	\$793	\$911	\$105,667	\$121,500	
Transportation Material Moving	1.6%	Stockers/Order Fillers	\$27,260	\$31,750	\$682	\$794	\$90,867	\$105,833	
(53)	1.4%	Heavy/Tractor-Trailer Drivers	\$45,850	\$50,790	\$1,146	\$1,270	\$152,833	\$169,300	
(00)	0.7%	Light Truck Drivers	\$28,740	\$38,580	\$719	\$965	\$95,800	\$128,600	

Typical Wages and Housing Affordability

2-bedroom FMR @ \$1,090; Median List Price @ \$149,900

The imbalance between wages and housing costs place financial burdens on workers and pose economic challenges for employers.

Pittsburgh Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA)									
Occupation Sector, Title & Wages* Housing Affordability**								**	
						ax.	Max.		
				Wages		ly Rent		se Price	
Sector Group	Labor Force		Lower		Lower		Lower		
(Code)	Share	Occupation Title	Quartile		Quartile		Quartile	Median	
Sales & Related	2.5%	Retail Salespersons	\$23,080	\$28,790	\$577	\$720	\$76,933	\$95,967	
Occupations	2.0%	Cashiers	\$22,260	\$23,870	\$557	\$597	\$74,200	\$79,567	
^	0.8%	Sales Reps, Wholesale/Mfg.	\$50,620	\$70,620	\$1,266	\$1,766	\$168,733	\$235,400	
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(00)	0.7%	Light Truck Drivers	\$28,740	\$38,580	\$719	\$965	\$95,800	\$128,600	

Wages and Housing Affordability for Top 30 Occupations by Share of Labor Force

COMMUNITY INPUT – STAKEHOLDERS

- Product Price Needed: Rentals <\$1,000 & For-Sale between \$150k and \$200k
- Housing Types Needed: Ranch style or single floor plan units
- **Resident Housing Issues:** High cost of renovations, lack of down payment, and home purchase affordability
- **Development Barriers:** Labor/Material Costs & Costs of Infrastructure
- **Top Priorities:** The clearing of blighted properties, new construction, the availability of home repair loans, and the quality and safety of rental units

36 Stakeholders Responded

	Fayette County, Pennsylvania Summary of Stakeholder Survey Results	
Category	Top Needs / Issues	Consensus
	• For-Sale Housing (\$150,000-\$199,999)	83.6*
	Rental Housing (\$500-\$999/Month)	77.4*
Housing Needs by Price Point	 Senior Care (Income/Assets <\$25,000) 	76.7*
	 Senior Care (Income/Assets >\$25,000) 	75.0*
	• For-Sale Housing (\$200,000-\$249,999)	66.4*
	• Family Housing (2+ Bedrooms)	81.8*
	Senior Living (Independent Living)	81.5*
Housing Needs by Population Served	Senior Living (Assisted Living, Nursing Care)	77.4*
	• Moderate Workforce (\$30,000-\$60,000)	75.0*
	• Low-Income Workforce (<\$30,000)	71.1*
	Ranch Homes/Single Floor Plan Units	84.8*
Housing Needs by Style	Traditional Two-Story Single-Family Homes	72.7*
	Duplex/Triplex/Townhomes	54.7*
	High Cost of Renovation	85.5*
	Lack of Down Payment for Purchase	84.4*
Housing Issues Experienced	Home Purchase Affordability	82.3*
	Limited Availability	81.3*
	High Cost of Maintenance/Upkeep	80.6*
	Clear Blighted/Unused Structures to Create Land for New Development	83.3*
Priority by Construction Type	New Construction	81.3*
	Repair/Renovation/Revitalization of Existing Housing	77.9*
	Home Repair/Loan	87.5*
Priority by Funding Types	Homebuyer Assistance	86.4*
	Tax Credit Financing	70.2*
	Cost of Infrastructure	70.6%
Common Residential Barriers	Cost of Labor/Materials	67.7%
Common Residential Barriers	Development Costs	67.7%
	Cost of Land	61.8%
	Tax Credits	47.1%
Reduction of Barriers	Collaboration Between Public and Private Sectors	41.2%
Reduction of Burlets	Establish Rental Inspection Program	38.2%
	Government Assistance with Infrastructure	35.3%
	Developing New Housing	58.8%
Top Areas of Focus	Removal/Mitigation of Residential Blight	52.9%
	Addressing Crime	50.0%
	Prevents Seniors from Living in Housing that Fits Their Needs	86.4*
Housing Impact on Residents	Causes People to Live in Unsafe Housing or Neighborhoods	78.8*
	Causes People to Live in Substandard Housing	78.1*
Impacts of Second Home and/or Vacation	Diminishing Inventory Available to Permanent Residents	67.7%
Rentals	Increasing Home Prices	54.8%
	Increasing Rents	45.2%
	Properties That Meet Code/Life Safety Compliance	63.6%
Renter Assistance Priorities	Credit Repair Assistance	45.5%
	Rental Housing Inspection Program	45.5%
	Home Repair Assistance	70.6%
TT A 14 DE 14	Homebuyer Downpayment Assistance	64.7%
Homeowner Assistance Priorities	Credit Repair Assistance	44.1%
	Home Weatherization Assistance	44.1%
	Property Maintenance Education	44.1%

COMMUNITY INPUT – RESIDENTS/COMMUTERS

- Housing Issues Experienced: Cost Burdened, Did Not Have Sufficient Deposit or Down Payment, Had to Move In with Family and/or Friends
- Product Price Needed: Rentals <\$500 & For-Sale <\$100k
- Housing Type Needed: Family Housing (2+ Bedrooms), Housing for Ages 25 to 40, and Senior Apartments (Independent Living)
- Issues Negatively Impacting the Local Housing Market: Housing Not Affordable, Poor Quality of Housing, Undesirable Location/Neighborhood, Not Enough Housing (Limited Availability)
- **Product Design/Type Needed:** Ranch Homes/Single Floor Plan Units, Modern Move-In Ready Single-Family Homes, Duplex/Triplex/Townhomes, Apartments

337 Residents/Commuters Responded!

Fayette County, Pennsylvania								
Sum	Summary of Resident/Commuter Survey Results							
Category	Top Needs / Issues	Consensus						
	• Cost Burdened (Paying 30% or More of Income Toward Housing Costs)	26.1%						
Top Housing Issues Experienced	Did Not Have Sufficient Deposit or Down Payment	17.4%						
	Had to Move In with Family and/or Friends	13.0%						
Hansina Markat Datina	Poor, Many Issues Eric Same Lange	46.5% 27.9%						
Housing Market Rating	• Fair, Some Issues	27.9%						
	Good, No IssuesHigh Prices or Rents	42.6%						
Top Issues Negatively Impacting	 High Prices of Kents Neglected/Blighted Properties/Neighborhood (Poor Condition) 	42.0%						
Housing Market	Excessive/Rising Utility Costs	41.170 19.4%						
	Yes	42.2%						
Difficulty Locating Suitable Housing	• Somewhat	32.8%						
Dimoundy Docume Dances Processing	• No	7.0%						
	Housing Not Affordable	67.0%						
	Poor Quality of Housing	54.4%						
Top Reasons for Difficulty Finding	Undesirable Location/Neighborhood	49.5%						
Housing	Not Enough Housing (Limited Availability)	35.9%						
	Age of Housing (Too Old)	27.2%						
	• Lack of Housing to Meet Specific Needs (Such as Number of Bedrooms)	26.2%						
	• Family Housing (2+ Bedrooms)	78.2*						
	Housing for Ages 25 to 40	73.9*						
Top Housing Types Needed	Rental Housing (Less than \$500/Month)	72.3*						
	• For-Sale Housing (Less than \$100,000)	72.2*						
	Senior Apartments (Independent Living)	66.3*						
	Ranch Homes/Single Floor Plan Units	77.9*						
Top Housing Styles Needed	Modern Move-In Ready Single-Family Homes	76.9*						
	Duplex/Triplex/Townhomes	62.7*						
Non Desident Interest in Dela activa	Apartments Yes	62.5*						
Non-Resident Interest in Relocating to Fayette County	YesNo	32.4% 67.6%						
to Fayette County	• 100	0/.0%						

COMMUNITY INPUT - EMPLOYERS

- Housing Issues Employees Face: Lack of available and quality housing
- Housing Prices Most Needed:
 - Entry Level/Workforce For-Sale Housing (Below \$200,000)
 - Affordable Rental Housing (Under \$750/month)
 - Moderate Market-Rate Rental Housing (\$750-\$1,250/month)
- Housing Having Adverse Impact on Employers: Yes: 25.0%, No: 37.5% or Unknown: 37.5%
 - Difficulty Attracting Employees (42.6%)
 - Difficulty Retaining Employees (29.8%)
- Likelihood Employer Would Hire More Workers if Local Housing Issues Resolved:
 - More Likely to Hire: 49.0%
- **Programs Most Important to Community:** New Housing Development/Redevelopment, Homebuyer Assistance, and Renter Assistance

48 Employers Responded

Fayette County, Pennsylvania						
Summary of Employer Survey Results						
Category	Top Needs / Issues	Consensus				
Difficulty Attracting/Retaining	• Yes	25.0%				
Employees Due to Housing	• No	37.5%				
Employees Due to Housing	• Unknown	37.5%				
Housing Issues for Employees	Lack of Available Housing	47.8%				
Housing issues for Employees	Lack of Quality Housing	43.5%				
Impacts for Employers	Difficulty Attracting Employees	42.6%				
1 1 2	Difficulty Retaining Employees	29.8%				
Effects of Adequate Housing	Somewhat/Much More Likely to Hire New Employees	49.0%				
Supply	Additional Employees Hired	Up to 394				
Employer Housing Assistance	• Do Not Currently Provide Housing Assistance to	87.2%				
Employer Housing Assistance	Employees					
	Housing Relocation Services/Assistance	21.3%				
Housing Assistance Program	Housing Counseling/Placement Services	14.9%				
Consideration	Housing Relocation Reimbursement	14.9%				
	Partnering In/Developing Employee Housing	14.9%				
Housing Program or Policy	New Housing Development/Redevelopment	58.0*				
Importance	Homebuyer Assistance	53.7*				
Importance	Renter Assistance	51.1*				
	Entry Level/Workforce For-Sale Housing (Below					
	\$200,000)	82.6%				
Housing Needs by Price	• Affordable Rental Housing (Under \$750/month)	65.2%				
	Moderate Market-Rate Rental Housing (\$750-	54.4%				
	\$1,250/month)					
	Single-Family Homes (Owner)	82.2%				
Housing Needs by Product Type	Single-Family Homes (Rental)	53.3%				
Housing Needs by Floduct Type	Multifamily Apartments	33.3%				
	Duplex/Townhome (Rental)	33.3%				

Housing Gap Estimates (Rental Housing)

Fayette County has an Overall Rental Housing Gap of Approximately 1,857 Residential Units at a Variety of Affordability Levels.

	Fayette County, Pennsylvania									
	R	Rental Housing Gap Estimates (2022-2027)								
Percent of Median Income	\leq 50%	51%-80%	81%-120%	121%+						
Household Income Range	<u><</u> \$50,200	\$50,201-\$80,320	\$80,321-\$123,120	\$123,121+						
Monthly Rent Range	≤ \$1,255	\$1,256-\$2,008	\$2,009-\$3,078	\$3,079+						
Household Growth	-1,692	355	88	589						
Balanced Market*	468	0	59	38						
Replacement Housing**	517	59	15	5						
External Market Support^	269	61	32	20						
Severe Cost Burdened^^	625	313	104	0						
Step-Down Support	158	-98	201	-260						
Less Pipeline Units	-51	-18	0	0						
Overall Units Needed	294	672	499	392						

The greatest rental housing gap is for units with rents between \$1,256 and \$2,008 for households generally earning between \$50,201 and \$80,320 annually.

Housing Gap Estimates (For-Sale Housing)

Fayette County has an Overall For-Sale Housing Gap of Approximately 2,622 Residential Units at a Variety of Affordability Levels.

	Fayette County, Pennsylvania			
	For-Sale Housing Gap Estimates (2022-2027)			
Percent of Median Income	$\leq 50\%$	51%-80%	81%-120%	121%+
Household Income Range	<u><</u> \$50,200	\$50,201-\$80,320	\$80,321-\$123,120	\$123,121+
Price Point	≤ \$167,333	\$167,334- \$267,733	\$267,734- \$410,400	\$410,401+
Household Growth	-2,148	-584	1,042	1,365
Balanced Market*	282	154	222	180
Replacement Housing**	344	86	50	18
External Market Support^	634	212	123	36
Severe Cost Burdened^^	364	182	60	0
Step-Down Support	350	569	-279	-640
Less Pipeline Units	0	0	0	0
Overall Units Needed	-174	619	1,218	959

The greatest gaps appear to be for housing priced between \$267,734 and \$410,400 (1,218 units) and housing priced at \$410,401 and higher (959 units).

RECOMMENDATIONS

- Identify and designate a "housing champion" to lead efforts and consider capacity building that will expand the base of participants and resources that can be utilized to address housing issues.
- <u>Develop next-steps plans</u>. Local government and stakeholders could begin to prioritize housing objectives and refine housing strategies that best fit the overarching goals of the county.
- <u>Set realistic/attainable</u> short-term <u>housing goals</u>, outline <u>long-term objectives</u> and <u>monitor</u> progress.
- Develop targeted geographic housing plans (community-, submarket- and county-level plans).
- Support existing housing advocacy organizations, programs and initiatives.
- <u>Consider implementing/modifying public policies</u> to encourage or support the development of new residential units and the preservation of existing housing, particularly housing that is affordable to lower income households.
- Support efforts to develop residential units along or near primary transit corridors and/or within walkable communities/downtowns to accommodate the housing needs of seniors and workforce households, and to appeal to younger households.
- Formulate education and outreach campaign to help support housing initiatives.
- <u>Market area's housing needs & opportunities</u> to potential development partners & consider developing a housing resource center.